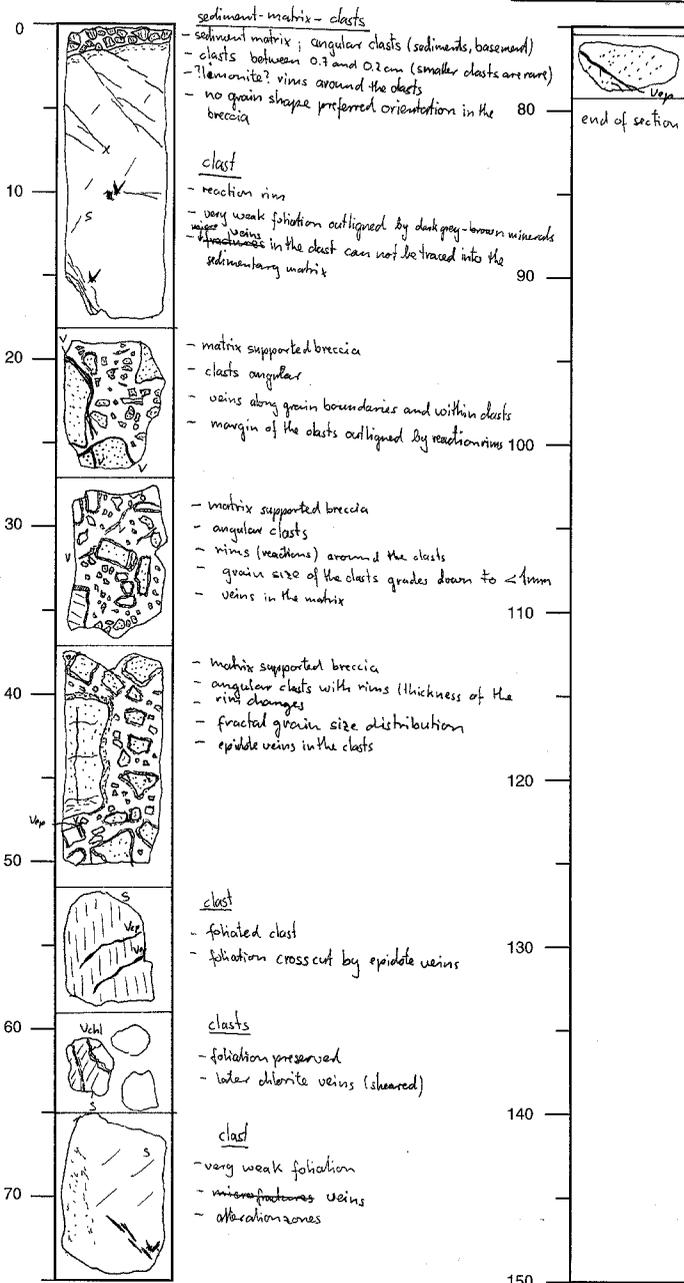


STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY DESCRIPTION

Leg	Hole	Core	Section	Observer
173	1068A	15R	6	GM



sediment-matrix - clasts

- sediment matrix; angular clasts (sediments, basement)
- clasts between 0.7 and 0.2 cm (smaller clasts are rare)
- ?hematite? veins around the clasts
- no grain shape preferred orientation in the breccia

clast

- reaction rims
- very weak foliation outlined by dark grey-brown minerals
- veins in the clast can not be traced into the sedimentary matrix

- matrix supported breccia

- clasts angular
- veins along grain boundaries and within clasts
- margin of the clasts outlined by reaction rims

- matrix supported breccia

- angular clasts
- rims (reactions) around the clasts
- grain size of the clasts grades down to <math>< 1\text{mm}</math>
- veins in the matrix

- matrix supported breccia

- angular clasts with rims (thickness of the rim changes)
- fractal grain size distribution
- epidote veins in the clasts

clast

- foliated clast
- foliation cross cut by epidote veins

clasts

- foliation preserved
- later chlorite veins (sheared)

clast

- very weak foliation
- microfracture veins
- alteration zones

clast

- epidote vein
- alteration (chl?) defines a foliation

end of section